

PARIS, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 17, 1865.

Intelligence from the city of Havana shows that a cargo of eight hundred African slaves recently landed in the harbor of San Cristobal. There was a pretence of seizure by the Government officials, but only one hundred and forty-seven of the whole number were really rescued. The traffic is carried on through the connivance of some of the authorities, who share the slave trade. The men who "back" the trade are among the millionaires of the island. The present Captain General is about to be removed, partly, it is said, on account of his being compromised in the slave trade.

Regular army reports show that the mortality among negroes during the war varied from thirty to forty per cent. Disease is making the same fatal inroads now, as before peace. During 1864 the deaths in the interior of North Carolina amounted to fifty per cent of the whole colored population of these sections. The medical department of the bureau complains that it is powerless to stay the progress of disease. Surgeons are scattered throughout the Southern country, but no funds are provided for the employment of local practitioners.

Gen. Briscoe, of Pennsylvania, who was sentenced to five years' imprisonment for embezzling public money, has been released by the Secretary of War, in consequence of long and good service in the field. How many fighting soldiers have been punished for a less offense!

It is ascertained from an official source that the army of the United States has not been reduced so low as seems to have been supposed. Its full and available strength exceeds 180,000 men, of which about one-half is on each side of the Mississippi River.

It is reported by the latest European dispatches that the Emperor Napoleon will, at the next sitting of the French chambers, announce the immediate and entire evacuation of Mexico by the French troops.

Count Montholon, the French Minister, denies that there is or has been any unfriendliness between our Government and that which he represents.

The London Daily News says the decline in American securities is due to the pending difficulty between Great Britain and the United States. This amicably settled, "it would seem difficult to limit the extent of the probable flow of British capital into American securities, new and old."

We learn from a special Washington dispatch, that there are about eighty thousand applications for pardons on file in the Attorney General's office. Many of the applicants will have to wait until after the assembling of Congress before they will receive Executive clemency, and some of the prominent ones, doubtless, a much longer time than that.

Gen. Longstreet declared that the sole cause of the failure of the rebellion was the incapacity of Jeff. Davis; and that, but for Davis' advice, Washington would have been taken by the rebels and made a base for offensive operations.

Gov. Perry and Ex-Gov. Manning have been elected by the Legislature of South Carolina, to the U. S. Senate—the former for the long and the latter for the short term.

The Florida State Convention met on the 25th ult. Gov. Marvin, in his message, recommends the repeal of the secession ordinance and that freedmen have right of person and property guaranteed to them and be declared competent to give testimony in the courts, but does not recommend that they be admitted to vote or hold office.

Secretary Seward, in a dispatch to the Provisional Governor of Florida, states that the President regards the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment by that State "as indispensable to the successful restoration of the true, loyal relations between Florida and the other States."

Mr. Holden has been defeated for Governor of North Carolina by Mr. Worth. The President has directed Mr. Holden to continue to exercise the functions of his office as Provisional Governor.

Texas papers announce the death of Mr. W. P. Johnson, only brother of the President. He died at Columbia, on the Brazos, on the evening of the 24th ult., from the effect of a severe gunshot wound accidentally received in his left hand and arm while on a hunting excursion at the mouth of the river, some three or four weeks previous. It appears that Mr. Johnson was in the act of removing his rifle from a small boat in which the party had crossed the river, when it exploded, the ball entering his hand and coming out at the elbow, shattering the bone. He lingered for some time, until amputation was resorted to, and the arm taken off above the elbow. Mr. J. was in his 65th year, and was lately appointed Surveyor of Customs, for the port of Velasco. He leaves a wife and family of three children in Texas. The two oldest sons are at Nashville, Tenn.

Gen. Logan has been appointed Minister to Mexico. The fact that he is known to be strongly in favor of the Liberal party gives considerable significance to his assignment. He has declined the mission to Japan to accept of this appointment.

Maj. Gen. Kilpatrick has been appointed Minister to Chili. He will make a short visit to Europe, on a confidential mission before assuming his diplomatic relations.

Gov. Perry has addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, asking that the privilege be granted the State of South Carolina to assume the direct tax levied by the United States, and pay it in one year State bonds, urging as a reason that the State is so much impoverished that the people cannot meet the tax of this year.

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Negroes are allowed to vote in only six States, viz: Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, subject to the same conditions as white men; in Massachusetts they must be able to read and write; in Rhode Island, must be worth one hundred and thirty dollars in real estate; and in New York, must be worth two hundred and fifty dollars over all incumbrances.

A correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, writing from Washington, says: "Though the members-elect from the South are not placed on the clerk's initial roll of representatives, it is regarded as a fact that seats will ultimately be granted to all those respective States have repudiated the war debt and adopted the anti-slavery amendment, if they can take the oath of 1862. The announcement is semi-officially made to the leading politicians of the South, that they may take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly. It will be questioned whether the President's pardon does not overrule the test oath, and make the recipient eligible to official position."

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The Florida State Convention met on the 25th ult. Gov. Marvin, in his message, recommends the repeal of the secession ordinance and that freedmen have right of person and property guaranteed to them and be declared competent to give testimony in the courts, but does not recommend that they be admitted to vote or hold office.

Secretary Seward, in a dispatch to the Provisional Governor of Florida, states that the President regards the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment by that State "as indispensable to the successful restoration of the true, loyal relations between Florida and the other States."

Mr. Holden has been defeated for Governor of North Carolina by Mr. Worth. The President has directed Mr. Holden to continue to exercise the functions of his office as Provisional Governor.

Texas papers announce the death of Mr. W. P. Johnson, only brother of the President. He died at Columbia, on the Brazos, on the evening of the 24th ult., from the effect of a severe gunshot wound accidentally received in his left hand and arm while on a hunting excursion at the mouth of the river, some three or four weeks previous. It appears that Mr. Johnson was in the act of removing his rifle from a small boat in which the party had crossed the river, when it exploded, the ball entering his hand and coming out at the elbow, shattering the bone. He lingered for some time, until amputation was resorted to, and the arm taken off above the elbow. Mr. J. was in his 65th year, and was lately appointed Surveyor of Customs, for the port of Velasco. He leaves a wife and family of three children in Texas. The two oldest sons are at Nashville, Tenn.

Gen. Logan has been appointed Minister to Mexico. The fact that he is known to be strongly in favor of the Liberal party gives considerable significance to his assignment. He has declined the mission to Japan to accept of this appointment.

Maj. Gen. Kilpatrick has been appointed Minister to Chili. He will make a short visit to Europe, on a confidential mission before assuming his diplomatic relations.

Gov. Perry has addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, asking that the privilege be granted the State of South Carolina to assume the direct tax levied by the United States, and pay it in one year State bonds, urging as a reason that the State is so much impoverished that the people cannot meet the tax of this year.

In the Mississippi Legislature a fund has been set apart to pay the State debt, a tax to be levied to support the widows and orphans of rebel soldiers, and a law was introduced compelling railroad companies to have separate cars for negroes.

REV. G. SAGE.

It was a noble Roman
In Rome's Imperial day,
Who heard a coward croaker,
Before the petty sea,
"They're safe in such a fortress;
There's no way to shake it—"
"Oh! Out!" exclaimed the hero,
"I'll find a way or make it!"

Is Fame your aspiration?
Her path is steep and high;
In vain he seeks the temple,
Content to gaze on sight,
The shining throne is waiting,
But he alone can take it.
Who says with Roman firmness,
"I'll find a way or make it!"

Is learning your ambition?
There is no royal road;
Alike the peer and peasant,
Must climb to her abode;
Who feels the thirst for knowledge,
The lion cannot be bought,
To all the prize is open,
But only he can take it.
Who says with Roman courage,
"I'll find a way or make it!"

Are riches worth the getting?
They must be heavily sought;
With wishing and with fretting,
The lion cannot be bought,
To all the prize is open,
But only he can take it.
Who says with Roman courage,
"I'll find a way or make it!"

In Love's impassioned warfare,
The tale has ever been
That victory crowns the valiant,
The brave are they who win;
Though strong in Beauty's castle,
A lover still may take it.
Who says with Roman daring,
"I'll find a way or make it!"

Ethan Allen, of Revolutionary fame,
who once, on a visit to Boston, was en-
tertained by one of the aristocratic dames
of the "hub" in those days, upon whose
table, for the first time, beheld the
olive. Presuming that they were some
ordinary pickle, he put one into his mouth.
The oddity of the taste was too much for
the bluff soldier. With a wry and comical
expression of countenance, suiting the
action to the word, and looking up at his
hostess, he exclaimed, "Permit me, mad-
am, to put this d— little green thing on
your table cloth!"

There is a story of some Marochalde
Grammont who received the sword of the
commander of a fortress which had surren-
dered. Both officers were very polite.—
"I tell you fairly, Marochal," said the out-
raged commander, "I should never have
yielded, only I had not one charge of pow-
der left." Not to be outdone in politeness,
De Grammont replied, "I must tell you,
Colonel, that I should not have accepted
your conditions if I had had one single
shot left."

A young widow was asked why she was
going to get married so soon after the
death of her first husband. "Oh, la,"
said she, "I do it to prevent feeling my-
self to death on account of dear Tom."

A Rhode Island lad, under examination
by a Connecticut schoolmaster, being
asked, "how many Gods are there?" re-
plied after scratching his head, "I don't
know how many you have in Connecticut,
we have none in Rhode Island."

A young girl at school, engaged in the
study of grammar, was asked if "kiss"
was a common or proper noun? The girl,
blushing deeply, with hesitation, replied:
"It is both common and proper."

A young lady, while walking with a
gentleman, stumbled, and when her com-
panion, to prevent her fall, grasped her
hand somewhat tightly. "Oh, sir!" she
simpered, "if it comes to that, you must
ask my pa."

A bashful printer refused a situation in
a printing office where females were em-
ployed, stating that he never "set up"
with a girl in his life.

Specimens of Western oratory are rather
stale; but here is a bit related by a trust-
worthy authority, as authentic, which has
not been in print before—"Where is Eu-
rope compared with America? Nowhere!
Where is England? Nowhere! They call
England the mistress of the sea; but what
makes the sea? The Mississippi river
makes it. And all we've got to do is to
turn the Mississippi river into the Mam-
moth Cave, and the English navy will be
floundering in the mud!"

A French editor has given the following
sensible description of the effect of an ad-
vertisement, he takes no notice of it; the
second time he looks at the name; the third
time he looks at the price; the fourth time
he reads it; the fifth time he speaks of it
to his wife; the sixth time he buys.

"Charley" said a father to his son, "why
don't you get up early in the morning? If
you would get up one hour earlier every
day, because when you are asleep, you know
nothing, cannot play, and are just the same
as dead." In the evening he said:—
"Come Charley, go to bed, and shut your
eyes, and sleep and rest." "Oh, no, father,"
said Charley, "let's play, let's live a
little longer while we can; because you
know, when we are asleep we're just the
same as dead."

An eccentric landlord died lately in
Stratford, England. He made all his ten-
ants conform to these rules: 1. There
must be no children. 2. The tenant must
not smoke. 3. No keep birds. 4. No
exhibit flowers in pots or otherwise in any
or either of the windows of the house. 5.
If a bachelor or widow or spinster, he or
she shall not enter into matrimony during
his or her tenancy.

English journals, speculating upon the
supply of coal in that country, say it they
are ever dependent upon America for coal
it would require 1,200 colliers of the size
of the Great Eastern to maintain their
present supply only. There will be a tol-
erably large coal business when that event
takes place.

While walking with a friend, a gentle-
man accidentally stepped upon a lady's
trailing dress. She turned with a frown-
ing look and strong expression of anger.—
With his usual urbanity, he replied:—"I
am sorry, madam, very sorry, indeed; but
really, I didn't know that I was within a
quarter of a mile of you."

A doctor up town recently gave the fol-
lowing prescription for a lady: "A new
bonnet, a cashmere shawl, and a pair of
gaiter boots." The lady, it is needless to
say, has entirely recovered.

It is said that the three daughters of
the late Chief Justice Taney were left in a
condition of poverty, and that one or two
of them are serving for a living.

BOOT & SHOE HOUSE.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform
the citizens of Paris, and the public gener-
ally that they have formed a partnership under
the firm name of

HANEY & GAPER,

For the purpose of dealing in and manufac-

turing

BOOTS,

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Their Shop is at the old stand of John Gaper,

next door to McClintock & Davis' Grocery,

MAIN STREET, PARIS, KY.

They are now opening a new, large, and well

selected stock of

Ladies', Gents', and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Of Every Description,

To which they call the especial attention of buy-

ers, with the full belief that they can furnish as

good an article at low rates as any house in Ken-

tucky.

Mr. GAPER will attend specially to the manu-

facturing department, and will

MAKE TO ORDER

All kinds of work for Gents' or Ladies' wear, of

the very best material, and workmanship.

Examine their stock and prices before purchas-

ing elsewhere.

Terms, strictly cash.

PETER HANEY,

JOHN GAPER.

Sept. 29, 1865.

CLOAK OPENING!

—AT—

Massie's

Monday next, Oct. 16, '65.

I WILL exhibit the largest and finest variety of

Cloaks, ever offered in Paris, consisting of

all the

New Shapes and Novelties

Of the season, such as

Heavy Pilot and Bearer Cloth Coat

Shape Cloaks, Also,

Fine Heavy Silk and Silk Velvet

Basque.

My Cloaks will vary from

\$15 TO \$200.

Be sure to call early to see the variety. Prices

will be so low that none need go from Paris to

buy a cloak.

Remember next Monday.

W. W. MASSIE.

Paris, Oct. 13—65.

BOURBON

MARBLE WORKS,

Cor. Main & Locust Sts.

PARIS, KY.

HILL & HOLT,

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN MARBLE

MONUMENTS

Tombstones, Tablets, Vases, Mantels, Furni-

ture Tops, Flower Vases, Poun-

dains &c., &c.

May 5, 1865—67.

THE PARLOR CLEANING TORE.

JOHN FORD

Has opened a Cleaning Store, on Main Street,

nearly opposite the Old Fellows' Hall,

where he will clean all kinds of

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes.

By close attention to business and low prices

he hopes to receive a liberal share of public

patronage.

Don't forget to call at the Paris Cleaning

Store.

June 16, 1865—67.

MUSIC AND VARIETY STORE!

At V. Boos' old stand.

WE the undersigned take pleasure in in-

forming the people of Paris, and surround-

ing country, that we have opened in Mr. V. Boos'

old stand, a

MUSIC & VARIETY STORE.

We will always keep on hand a fine lot of

Pianos, Guitars

Violins, Flutes, Strings, and the newest and most

favorite pieces and songs of

SHEET MUSIC,

We will also keep a choice and well selected

STOCK OF

And all other sorts of

VARIETIES & NOTIONS,

In fact you shall find most every little thing

from a pin or little toy to Siffel's Grand

NEW GOODS

—AT—
W. W. MASSIE'S.

NEW

DRESS GOODS,

French Merinos,

French Poplins,

Irish Poplins,

Wool Plaids,

Bombazines,

Alpacas, &c., &c.

ELEGANT DRESS SILKS.

Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's

UNDER-WEAR.

Cloaks and Shawls,

IN NEWEST STYLE.

GENTS'

TRAVELING SHAWLS!

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

NOTIONS.

All the Newest Paris Nov-

elties.

We would call particular attention to our com-

plete stock of French Work—

W. W. MASSIE.

Paris, Sept. 22, '65.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

W. A. DICKEY'S

NEW SADDLE AND HARNE S

MANUFACTORY.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of the

firm of Dingle & Dickey, I am now pre-

pared to accommodate the public with everything
in my line.

Saddles of all Descriptions.

Particular attention paid to the celebrated

SPURGEON SPRING SADDLE!

On this Saddle I challenge the State, having

worked for years as a journeyman on them, I con-

sider none superior.

The McClellan, California, and Kil-

gour Saddles.

Constantly on hand and of the best quality, Side

and Plain Saddles, in great variety. Fine

Buggy and Carriage Harness,

Of superior quality. Plow Harness, of all kinds

such as Collars, Backbands, Bells, Bells, Harness

Clasps, Bells, &c., &c.

RIDING BRIDLES,

Both plain and fancy; Bits, Spurs, Blankets,

Horse Covers, Saddle Bags, Girths, Combs,

Brushes, &c., rope, leather, and fancy

we have.

TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

Leather of various kinds for sale

Cash paid for Hides, Pans, Sheep, Pans, Tallow,

Rags, Feathers, Beeswax, &c.

W. A. DICKEY,

Old stand opposite the Bourbon House, Main

Street, Paris, Ky.

June 9th, 1865.

GROCERIES?

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH

supply of

GROCERIES,

consisting in part of

New Orleans Sugar, very nice,

Yellow Refined Island Sugar,

Stevia's very best Crushed, Granulated and

Pulverized Double Refined Sugars,

Sugar-House Molasses, &c.

Sugar, superior article,

Coffee, as good as it grows.

BUCKET, TUBS, BASKETS & BROOMS,

Tea, Brown and Black, No. 1 article.

Also, Powder, Shot, Caps and Lead,

Window Glass, assorted,

Candles, Star and Summer Pressed Tallow,

Dried Peaches & Apples,

Together with a complete stock which we offer to

our customers and the public as low as the market

will allow these war times.

McCLINTOCK & DAVIS.

HARDWARE.

WE have also received in addition to our for-

mer stock a well selected stock of

HARDWARE.

Which we invite you to examine as we will

sell low for cash or in payment of customers on 6

months' time. Accounts to fall due July and

January.

McC. & D.

COAL OIL & COAL OIL LAMPS!

WE keep always a good stock of the best

Coal Oil, also, Coal Oil Lamps, which we

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

THE undersigned having entered into co-part-
nership in the

LUMBER BUSINESS,

Respectfully inform the public that we will keep

constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

Rough & Dressed Lumber,

SHINGLES,

FLOORING, SASH, BLINDS,

DOORS, LATHS,

GATE LUMBER,

Weather-Boarding, &c., &c.,

Which we will sell

REDUCED PRICES.

Please call and examine our stock before pur-

chasing elsewhere.

YARD NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.

TERMS CASH.

Aug. 18-3m.

TAYLOR & STUART.

SADDLERY

—AND—

HARNESS.

OUR NEW STAND!

W. H. WAINRIGHT & CO.,

HAVING PURCHASED THE LARGE

Office was recently kept, would respectfully an-

nounce to the citizens of Paris and surrounding

country that they have greatly enlarged their stock

with every thing connected with the

Saddle & Harness Business,

Such as Spurgeon's celebrated Spring Saddles,

Mixers' Spring Saddles, Side Saddles, Kilgore

Saddles, Plain Saddles, Military Saddles and

lightweight, also a large stock of Belles, Whips,

Spurs, Collars, Blankets, &c., &c. A good assort-

ment of

BUGGY AND CARRIAGE HARNESS,

and various other articles too numerous to men-

tion which they will sell as low as any other house

in Central Kentucky for the cash.

They wish to purchase a large lot of

DRY AND GREEN HIDES,

Sheep-Skins, and all kind of Furs, for which they

will pay the very highest market price in cash.

REPAIRING.

done with neatness and despatch.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

W. H. WAINRIGHT & CO.,

Paris, June 16, 1865—67.

GROCERIES & HARDWARE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE

and well selected stock of

GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.

Which we offer to our customers and the public

generally. We intend keeping our stock complete

and of the very best quality which we will sell as

low as the market, and will take pleasure in in-

forming our goods whether you purchase or not. Coun-

try Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for

goods.

N. B. RION.

Clover & Timothy Seed.

A LARGE LOT; JUST RECEIVED AND

for sale by

February 12, 1864.

N. B. RION.

SUGARS.

N. O. SUGAR, LOVERING'S CRUSHED,

Granulated and Powdered Sugar, just re-

ceived and for sale by

N. B. RION.

COFFEE.

RIO, LAGUYRA, AND JAVA. JUST RE-

ceived and for sale by

N. B. RION.